



**OXFAM IN CHINA** 

# IN CHINA



# 1. WHY ARE WE WORKING IN MAINLAND CHINA?

Since 1987, Oxfam Hong Kong (OHK) has been working in mainland China to reduce poverty and carry out humanitarian responses, policy advocacy work and public education.

China is the first country that met the United Nations Millennium Development Goals' target of halving extreme poverty. However, as of the end of 2016, the number of rural poor in China reached 43.35 million, making China one of the countries with the largest population of poor in the world. In addition, China's Gini coefficient reached 0.465. surpassing the internationally recognised warning line of 0.4 Moreover, the income gaps between urban and rural areas, and eastern as well as less-developed central and western regions remain wide.

AFFECTED BY NATURAL DISASTERS 190 MILLION AVERAGE ANNUAL NUMBER

OF DEATHS DUE TO EXTREME WEATHER AND CLIMATE EVENTS GLOBAL GENDER GAP **OVER 3.970** INDEX **RANKED 100 OUT OF 144** COUNTRIES

**FAST FACTS** 

RURAL-URBAN MIGRANT CHILDREN 34.26 MILLION

PROPORTION OF WOMEN WHO HAVE EXPERIENCED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE **ABOUT 30%** 

RURAL **POPULATION** LIVING BELOW **POVERTY LINE 1** 43.35 MILLION

1.076 MILLION LEFT-BEHIND CHILDREN IN RURAL AREAS <sup>3</sup>

40.51 MILLION

CERTIFIED/

AS WORK INJURY

RURAL-URBAN MIGRANT

**WORKERS 2** 280 MILLION

ETHNIC MINORITY POPULATION LIVING **BELOW POVERTY LINE** 

14.11 MILLION

**POPULATION** LIVING WITH 654,000

Sources: National Bureau of Statistics, National Health and Family Planning Commission, National Development and Reform Commission, Chinese Centre for Disease Control and Prevention, Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security, All-China Women's Federation, Ministry of Civil Affairs, State Ethnic Affairs Commission, 'Global Gender Gap Report' of World Economic Forum, Annual Report on Actions to Address Climate Change (2015): A New Start and Hope in Paris

- 1. The national poverty line of China is officially set at 2,300 yuan (approximately USD 354) per year.
- Rural migrant workers' refers to persons who hold rural household-registration and are engaged in off-farm work or work outside of their
  registered residence for six months or more. The household registration, or hukou, system in thina ties people's access to subsidised public services to their residential status.
- 3. 'Left-behind children' usually refers to those under the age of 18 living in their rural registered residence without both of their parents because one or both parents have migrated to other areas in search of work.
- 4. 'Rural migrant children' are those who are under the age of 18 who have moved to the city with their working parents for more than six months

# 2. OUR BELIEFS

Within the international Oxfam confederation, OHK is responsible for poverty reduction and advocacy work in China. China's growing international political and economic power has increasing impact on our global poverty reduction and sustainable development goals

Oxfam adheres to the following beliefs which guide all our objectives, strategies and approaches in mainland China

We believe it is vital to integrate development programmes. humanitarian responses, public education and policy advocacy work, and adopt a communitybased approach to effectively fight against the injustices of poverty. We ensure full participation of the poor and marginalised groups in all we do

Partnership

We hold ourselves accountable to all our

stakeholders. including beneficiaries, partners, the public, donors and the Council. Our monitoring and evaluation mechanisms as well as audit procedures emphasise the participation of our partners and beneficiaries. In every stage of the cycle, we uphold the principles of transparency and ensure regular reporting and communications both externally and internally to maintain and enhance the

credibility of NGOs.

Accountability and transparency

**CORE VALUES** 

One programme

approach

Gender justice and NGO development

We ensure that gender justice and non-governmental organisation (NGO) development are built into every stage of our programmes. We promote gender mainstreaming and create an enabling environment for the development of NGOs through policy advocacy and public education

We believe that poverty can only be eradicated through partnership. We work hand-in-hand with people living in poverty and partner organisations, including government departments of all levels. NGOs and research institutions. We focus on building the capacity of our partners, and work closely with them to enhance the impact and sustainability of our programmes.





# 3. OUR STRATEGIES AND APPROACHES

### One programme approach

To achieve the goal of a 'World without Poverty', Oxfam utilises a 'one programme approach', that is, the integration of sustainable development in communities, humanitarian relief, disaster management, domestic and international policy advocacy and public education in China.

Areas of work

Strategic goals

Our approaches

Policy research and advocacy

To advocate pro-poor policies, and ensure that the voices of the public are heard and valued by policymakers in China

- · Community-based action research
- Effective communication with the government, experts and enterprises
- Capacity building of NGOs on policy analysis and collective action
- · Participation in policy research and advocacy work initiated by the Oxfam confederation
- · South-South cooperation between China and developing countries



Public education

- To raise public awareness on poverty and promote participation in public affairs
- To empower NGOs
- · To promote equality and diversity within society
- Dissemination activities, including. seminars and explore the use of new media
- · Empowerment of communitybased NGOs
- · Youth education on development and gender equality



- · To improve livelihoods and communities' ability to manage disasters and adapt to climate change
- · To promote equitable and diversified quality education
- · To promote decent work and social inclusion of migrant workers
- · To improve urban and rural health (especially with regards to HIV/AIDS)
- · To safequard the rights and improve the situations of marginalised groups through empowerment
- · Integrated approach in programme management
- Building capacity of and collaboration with community-based NGOs



- · To respond to urgent needs of disaster-affected populations, with particular focus on food security and WASH (Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene Promotion)
- To enhance community resilience and safeguard rights to life and security
- · Knowledge and awareness raising on disaster management
- Regional learning and collaboration with NGOs
- · Cash transfer programmes



Advocacy and campaigns related to domestic policies in China

#### LOCAL

Community development and capacity building:

- Safeguarding rights and improving situations of marginalised groups
- Development of community-based organisations/ mutual support groups in rural areas
- Development of community-based organisations/ mutual support groups among migrant workers
- Gender justice
- NGO development
- · Humanitarian response
- Basic education

# ONE PROGRAMME **APPROACH**

## Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning (MEL)

Oxfam seeks to hold ourselves accountable to all stakeholders. Over the past few years. we have continued to accumulate experience in monitoring and evaluating programmes together with our beneficiaries and partners in China. We also evaluate the impact of programmes through external consultants as needed and produce evaluation reports in various thematic programmes for internal and external learning. Oxfam in China aspires to make unique contributions to the global movement for change by consolidating and sharing analyses of the country context, best practices and impacts of our work across the confederation

#### Our MEL strategies:

- 1. Enhancing MEL system and building the capacities of programme staff to ensure effectiveness, transparency and accountability of our work.
- 2. Consolidating and disseminating the results of our monitoring and evaluation work to facilitate internal and external learning and collaboration for better programme development and innovation.
- 3. Sharing programme experiences and case studies in China with Oxfam affiliates.

# 4. PROGRAMME OVERVIEW

Oxfam has been working in China for over three decades. As of March 2017, we have supported over 3.300 projects in 31 provinces/autonomous regions/municipalities. More than US\$200 million has been earmarked to support over 13 million people in China, including poor farmers in remote mountainous areas, ethnic minorities, women and children, migrant workers and people living with HIV/AIDS

#### 4.1. GEOGRAPHICAL FOCUS

At present, the majority of OHK's programme work in the Mainland is located in Beijing, Yunnan, Gansu, Guizhou, Guangdong, Shaanxi, Qinghai, Anhui, Sichuan, Shandong, and Hebei, All projects are coordinated by staff at our headquarters in Hong Kong.

The table below illustrates our offices and respective thematic programmes:

OFFICE	THEMATIC PROGRAMMES	PROVINCE/ CITY COVERAGE	PROFESSIONAL Supervisory Unit
OXFAM HONG KONG BEIJING OFFICE	China and the Developing World Agriculture and Poverty Reduction Policy Climate Change and Poverty Gender NGO Development Youth Civic Education Urban Livelihood Basic Education Rural Development Disaster Management	All areas in mainland China except Yunnan, Gansu and Guangdong provinces	Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries
OXFAM HONG KONG YUNNAN OFFICE	Rural Development     Disaster Management     HIV/AIDS	Yunnan Province	Yunnan Provincial Poverty Alleviation Office
OXFAM HONG KONG GANSU OFFICE	Rural Development     Disaster Management     Basic Education	Gansu Province	Gansu Education Bureau
OXFAM HONG KONG GUANGDONG OFFICE	Gender     NG0 Development     Urban Livelihood	Guangdong Province	Guangdong Civil Affairs Bureau

#### 4.2. PARTNERS

In the 2016/2017 financial year, we worked with a total of 301 partners on projects in mainland China, including national NGOs (46%), government-local (14%), academic, training and research institutions (24%), women's organisations (5%), the private sector (8%), international NGOs (1%), and the public sector and government-national (2%). Among them, 71 were new partners.

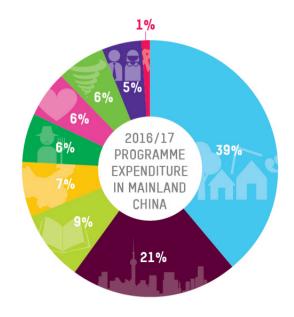
#### 4.3. PROGRAMME EXPENDITURE

A total of USS 9.7 million has been allocated to programmes in mainland China for the 2016/2017 financial year. The breakdown for various thematic programmes is as follows-

Climate Change and Poverty

Rural HIV/AIDS

Gender



Rural Development and Disaster Management	Work for sustainable development of poor rural communities. Help improve the livelihoods of poor communities affected by disasters in the western region, strengthen their capacity so that they can bounce back better from disasters.
Urban Livelihood	Promote migrant workers' sustainable livelihoods in cities.
Basic Education	Help disadvantaged children in the western region have equal access to quality compulsory basic education.
China and the Developing World	Urge the government and corporations in China to adopt sustainability policies and investment behaviours to be a progressive force for development in host countries and to contribute to the well-being of communities, especially that of smallholder farmers.
Agriculture and Poverty Reduction Policy	Through empirical research on significant national poverty reduction policies, policy feedback based on action research, and the sharing of case studies and experience nationally and internationally to advocate for sustainable rural development and effective poverty reduction policies and practice.
NGO Development	Support NGO capacity building, and create a favourable environment for NGO development.

promote climate justice.

heard, and protect their rights.

Empower poor and vulnerable groups in China and southern countries to

reduce the loss of food and the negative impact on their livelihoods as a result of climate change; increase resilience of poor people and communities;

Promote gender justice, empower marginalised groups, make their voices

Promote health among and the livelihoods of families living with HIV; advocate for the improvement of HIV/AIDS related policies and their implementation.

6 | Oxfam in China

# 5. MILESTONES (1987-2017)

The following events mark new chapters for OHK and our partners in mainland China over the past 30 years

> Began disaster management and rural development work in Yunnan and Guizhou province

the WTO

with Poverty Alleviation Office of

Became the first INGO to sign a framework agreement with LGOP of the State Council on Wenchuan earthquake recovery projects

OHK won the China Charity Organisation Award' co-established by Honggi Pictorial and China Report



and publication Handbook 2011

**Publication** of the book 'Seven years of Exploration' to share programme strategies and impacts

of Activities of Overseas NGOs in the Mainland of redistered as a charitable

of Oxfam China

China project in

of the State Council, Affairs of Qinghai and Poverty Alleviation Office of

relief and

系統全國則地震教徒重選項目亦公室

only NGO to win the 'Philanthropic Organisa-tion Award' in China, which was co-established by Metropolis Daily and the of Guangzhou city

OHK's project on climate change research and communication won the 'Best Green Project Award 2013', an award that was co-established by 20 media agencies

Completion of Wenchuan earthquake work, which included 228 relief and recovery projects and benefited over 850,000 people (gross count)



Our partner Yunnan Green Management Research and **Promotion Centre** was awarded the Equator Prize by UNDP

> OHK won the 10 Best Foundations in China 2015 award (a.k.a the 'Kumquat Award')



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## MAINLAND CHINA

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Oxfam in China | 9